

**CLAIMS**

I claim:

1           1.     A method of evaporating cooling fluids in a turbine engine, comprising:  
2                 spraying a cooling fluid from at least one fluid emitting device into a duct,  
3     whereby a plurality of droplets is formed;  
4                 applying an electrical charge to the plurality of droplets forming charged  
5     droplets; and  
6                 directing the plurality of charged droplets through the duct upstream of a  
7     compressor of a turbine engine whereby substantially all of the plurality of charged  
8     droplets are evaporated before reaching the compressor.

1           2.     The method of claim 1, further comprising applying an electrical charge  
2     to the duct, whereby the electrical charge applied to the duct has a polarity that is  
3     opposite to a polarity of the charge applied to the plurality of droplets.

1           3.     The method of claim 1, further comprising applying an electrical charge  
2     to the duct, whereby the electrical charge applied to the duct has a polarity that is  
3     equal to a polarity of the charge applied to the plurality of droplets.

1           4.     The method of claim 1, further comprising applying an electrical charge  
2     to at least one baffle positioned downstream from the at least one fluid emitting  
3     device.

1           5.     The method of claim 4, wherein applying an electrical charge to at least  
2 one baffle comprises applying an electrical charge having a polarity that is opposite  
3 to a polarity of the electrical charge applied to the plurality of droplets if a residence  
4 time of the cooling fluids in the duct is not sufficient for a substantial portion of the  
5 plurality of droplets emitted into the duct to be evaporated before reaching the  
6 compressor of the turbine engine.

1           6.     The method of claim 4, wherein applying an electrical charge to at least  
2 one baffle comprises applying an electrical charge having a polarity that is equal to a  
3 polarity the electrical charge applied to the plurality of droplets if a residence time of  
4 the cooling fluids in the duct is sufficient for a substantial portion of the plurality of  
5 droplets emitted into the duct to be evaporated before reaching the compressor of  
6 the turbine engine.

1           7.     A turbine engine, comprising:  
2 a compressor having a plurality of turbine blades coupled to a rotatable disc;  
3 at least one duct coupled to the compressor for directing air into the  
4 compressor;  
5 at least one fluid emitting device for spraying a cooling fluid into the at least  
6 one duct, whereby a plurality of droplets are formed; and  
7 at least one electrode positioned in the duct for applying an electrical charge  
8 to at least a portion of the plurality of droplets.

1           8.     The turbine engine of claim 7, further comprising at least one baffle  
2 positioned in the at least one duct downstream of the at least one fluid emitting  
3 device and upstream of the compressor.

1           9.     The turbine engine of claim 8, further comprising at least one electrode  
2 coupled to the at least one baffle for applying an electrical charge to the at least one  
3 baffle.

1           10.    The turbine engine of claim 7, further comprising at least one electrode  
2 coupled to the duct for applying an electrical charge to the duct.

1           11.    The turbine engine of claim 7, wherein the at least one device for  
2 spraying a cooling fluid into the at least one duct comprises at least one nozzle  
3 adapted to emit droplets having a Dv90 measurement less than about 50 microns.

1           12.    The turbine engine of claim 11, wherein the at least one device for  
2 spraying a cooling fluid into the at least one duct comprises at least one nozzle  
3 adapted to emit droplets having a Dv90 measurement less than about 20 microns.

1           13.    The turbine engine of claim 7, wherein the duct is grounded.

1           14.    An evaporative cooling system for a turbine engine, comprising:  
2 at least one duct for directing air into a compressor of a turbine engine;

3           at least one fluid emitting device for spraying a cooling fluid into the at least  
4 one duct, whereby a plurality of droplets are formed;  
5           at least one electrode positioned in the duct for applying an electrical charge  
6 to at least a portion of the plurality of droplets.

1           15.    The evaporative cooling system of claim 14, further comprising at least  
2 one electrode coupled to the duct for applying an electrical charge to the duct.

1           16.    The evaporative cooling system of claim 14, wherein the at least one  
2 fluid emitting device for spraying a cooling fluid into the at least one duct comprises  
3 at least one nozzle adapted to emit droplets having a Dv90 measurement less than  
4 about 50 microns.

1           17.    The evaporative cooling system of claim 14, further comprising at least  
2 one baffle positioned in the at least one duct downstream of the at least one fluid  
3 emitting device and upstream of the compressor.

1           18.    The evaporative cooling system of claim 17, further comprising at least  
2 one electrode coupled to the at least one baffle for applying an electrical charge to  
3 the at least one baffle.

1           19.    The evaporative cooling system of claim 14, wherein the duct is  
2 grounded.